

From the Department of

### CORPORATE STRATEGY AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS



# CASE STUDY SERIES

# Selling Health: Hindustan Lever Limit and the Soap Market

# Introdu ation

In the category of infection, ise, as, only acute respiratory infections and AIDS kill more people year than diarrhea, which accounts for 2.2 million deaths annually

India contribut 25% of all diarrhea deaths in the world.<sup>2</sup>

These statiless of dine the pervasiveness of diarrheal disease in the developing world and the tremendous toll it takes on the public health, especially among the poor and children. In India alone, 19.2% of the hildren suffer from diarrhea.<sup>3</sup> At the same time, the preventive easures and cures are relatively simple: access to safe water and pitation facilities and instruction on better hygiene practices. Yet, in spite of the efforts of NGOs, developmental agencies and governments, the problem persists. So what is a viable solution?

# THE INNOVATION. . .

The paradox of diarrheal disease is that the solution is known and inexpensive, but it is difficult to reach and educate the poor about the need to wash hands with soap. Hindustan Lever Limited (HLL), the largest soap seller in India, created a unique approach to public-private partnership as a solution, as well as made this public health issue an integral part of their business.

This document traces the efforts of HLL, the Indian subsidiary of Unilever, in combating the social health issue of diarrheal disease through innovative methods of marketing a common consumer goodsoap.

This report was written by Mira, Murch and Kate Reeder, under the section of Professor C.K.Prahalad The report are intended to be cath sts to iscussion and are not intended to the effective or ineffective estrate.

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